



# Results and perspectives of the GERDA experiment





- Why and how to search for  $0\nu\beta\beta$ -decay
  - The GERDA experiment
- GERDA Phase I results & background model
  - GERDA Phase II status & projection









beta-decay only possible if:

• Helicity flip can occur in the vertex

Contribution to 0vββ-decay rate by effective Majorana neutrino mass:

$$1/\tau = G(Q^5,Z) |M_{nucl}|^2 \langle m_{ee} \rangle^2$$

0vββ decay-Phase space-MatrixEffective MajoranaratefactorelementNeutrino mass



**B.** Majorovits



#### Why and how to search for 0vββ decay



**Observation of 0vββ decay would prove:** 

- Lepton number violation ΔL=2
- Majorana character of neutrino

<u>0vββ decay is motivated by:</u>

- •Baryogenesis via Leptogenesis
  - Majorana Neutrino masses

•See Saw Mechanism: Smallness of neutrino masses

• Any Lepton number violating BSM process

No (observable) 0vββ decay is expected if:

• v is a pure Dirac particle

- CP violating Majorana phases add up destructively
  - $\langle m_{ee} \rangle < 1 \text{ meV} [T_{1/2} > 10^{31} \text{ yr}]$

### **The GERDA Collaboration**







#### **The GERDA experiment**





Idea: use bare HPGe detectors in ultra pure cryogenic liquid:

[G. Heusser, Annu. Rev. Nucl. Part. Sci. 45(1995) 543]





#### **GERDA Phase I results**











Phase I data taking: Nov. 2011 to May 2013

14.6 kg coaxial detectors
3.0 kg BEGe detectors
→ 21.6 kg yr exposure



PRL 111 (2013) 122503 [arXiv:1307.4720]



→  $T_{1/2}(0\nu\beta\beta) > 2.1 \ 10^{25} \text{ yr} (90\% \text{ C.L.})$  frequ. analysis median sensitivity:  $T_{1/2}(0\nu\beta\beta) > 2.4 \ 10^{25} \text{ yr}$ 





#### **GERDA Phase I results**









#### background decomposition of the high energy spectrum



preliminary analysis: 0 events with complete sub chain detected →internal A(<sup>226</sup>Ra, <sup>228Th</sup>, <sup>227</sup>Ac) ≤ 4nBq/kg











close components only describe background well! <sup>42</sup>K, <sup>60</sup>Co, <sup>214</sup>Bi, <sup>228</sup>Th, alphas

Eur. Phys. J. C (2014) 74:2764 arXiv:1306.5084







<sup>42</sup>K dominates BEGe spectrum in RoI
 close components only describe background well!
 <sup>42</sup>K, <sup>60</sup>Co, <sup>214</sup>Bi, <sup>228</sup>Th, alphas

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#### **GERDA Phase I background model**

# 2vββ half lifes derived from for different models and data sets



Model	$\mathcal{E}$ [kg yr]	$T_{1/2}^{2\nu}  imes 10^{21}  m yr$
GOLD-coax minimum	15.40	$1.92^{+0.02}_{-0.04}$
GOLD-coax maximum	15.40	$1.92^{+0.04}_{-0.03}$
GOLD-nat minimum	3.13	$1.74_{-0.24}^{+0.48}$
SUM-BEGe	1.80	$1.96^{+0.13}_{-0.05}$
Analysis in Ref. [20]	5.04	1.84 <sup>+0.09</sup> +0.11 -0.08 fit -0.10 syst

$$T_{1/2}^{2\nu} = (1.926 \,{}^{+0.025}_{-0.022}\,(\text{stat}) \pm 0.092\,(\text{syst})) \cdot 10^{21}\,\text{yr}$$





#### **GERDA Phase I results**

#### $2\nu\beta\beta$ decay of <sup>76</sup>Ge with the emission of Majoron(s)



Model	n	Mode	Goldstone	L	$T_{1/2}^{0\nu\chi}$
			boson		$[10^{2'3} yr]$
IB	1	$\chi$	no	0	> 4.2
IC	1	$\chi$	yes	0	> 4.2
ID	3	$\chi\chi$	no	0	> 0.8
IE	3	$\chi\chi$	yes	0	> 0.8
IF	2	$\chi$	bulk field	0	> 1.8
IIB	1	$\chi$	no	-2	> 4.2
IIC	3	$\chi$	yes	-2	> 0.8
IID	3	$\chi\chi$	no	-1	> 0.8
IIE	7	$\chi\chi$	yes	-1	> 0.3
IIF	3	$\chi$	gauge boson	-2	> 0.8

Most stringent limits (<sup>76</sup>Ge)  $n=1 \& n=3 \rightarrow$  improved by a factor 6 for  $n=7 \rightarrow$  improved by a factor 5 for  $n=2 \rightarrow$  reported for the first time



#### **GERDA Phase II:**

#### Additional 20kg BEGe detectors with point like contact:



 $\mathbf{E_2}$ 

Signal: Background? Liquid Argon 128nm scintillation light To light detector

Use LAr veto:



0

0

Time [µs]

**Single Site** 

**Event: SSE** 

Ap. Ag≥±t



#### **GERDA Phase II status**







#### **BEGe production history: shielded whenever possible**





#### **Production and characterization of BEGes**

**Energy resolution of GERDA BEGe detectors in vacuum cryostat** 







#### **BEGe PSD: Comparison between expected and observed A/E distributions:**









#### mounting support and lock at LNGS













Ap. Dg = 1t



#### **GERDA Phase II status**

#### Copper shroud lined with reflecting TPB coated Tetratex



#### 7 bottom 3" PMTs

# GERmanium Detector Array





TPB coated fiber shroud with SiPMs









Ap. Dg > 1t



#### **GERDA Phase II status**





pilot string



with nylon mini-shroud





















## GERDA Phase II

Main background components expected after PSD & LAr veto: $^{42}$ K in LAr $\sim 0.9 \cdot 10^{-3}$  counts/(kg yr keV)mini shroud & PSD essential!

<sup>214</sup>Bi in close surrounding ~ 0.2 · 10<sup>-3</sup> counts/(kg yr keV)
 → LAr veto & transp. mini shroud!

FE electronics & support ~ 0.1 · 10<sup>-3</sup> counts/(kg yr keV)

→Total expected BI ~ 10<sup>-3</sup> (Cts/kg yr keV)

→ sensitivity:  ${}^{0\nu\beta\beta}T_{1/2}({}^{76}Ge) \sim 2 \cdot 10^{26}$  yr with 100 kg·yr exposure



March 20. 2015 LRT, Seattle



W

 $\overline{v}_{e} = v_{e}$ 



- 0vββ decay is important probe of **BSM** physics
  - GERDA Phase I: best (<sup>76</sup>Ge) limits on  $0\nu\beta\beta(\chi)$
- background dominated by close by contaminations
- **GERDA** phase II infrastructure in place
  - LAr veto works!
  - GERDA Phase II will start commissioning soon
  - GERDA Phase II reach: <sup>0</sup>vT<sub>1/2</sub>~10<sup>26</sup> years















#### **GERDA Phase II goal**





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#### background decomposition of the high energy spectrum





α-component detector specific. Structures in BEGe spectra less pronounced